Purpose Designed to screen for sleep problems in children. A shorter version is shown (following) which specifically relates to sleep-disordered breathing (SDB) in children. The scale consists of 22 parent-reported items examining snoring and breathing problems, daytime sleepiness, inattention, hyperactivity, and other signs and symptoms of apnea including obesity and nocturnal enuresis.

Population for Testing The scale has been validated with patients aged 2–18 years.

Administration Requiring between 5 and 10 min for completion, the instrument is a self-report measure that solicits responses from parents or caregivers.

Reliability and Validity Developers Chervin and colleagues [1] evaluated the scale against the results of polysomnography and found a sensitivity ranging from .81 to .85, a specificity of .87, an internal consistency of .66 to .89, and a test–retest reliability of .66 to .92.

Obtaining a Copy Questionnaire examples can be found in developers' original published article [1].

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Scoring The majority of items are responded to with simple "yes" or "no" answers, and receive scores of 1 or 0 respectively. However, questions concerning inattention and hyperactivity are completed using a Likert-type scale which is later made binary – "does not apply" and "applies just a little" are scored as 0 and "applies quite a bit" and "definitely applies most of the time" receive a score of 1. While this "yes/no" system of scoring ensures that respondents who shy away from the most extreme values of the scale are still counted within applicable categories, it also prevents the instrument from distinguishing between different degrees of disorder severity.

PEDIATRIC SLEEP QUESTIONNAIRE

Version 070424

Child's Name:,,,,,	est)	(M.I.)
Name of Person Answering Questions:		
Relation to Child:		
Your phone number, days:, and evenings: _	Area Code	Number
Relative's name and number in case we cannot reach you:		
	Area Cada Nur	

Instructions:

Please answer the questions on the following pages regarding the behavior of your child during sleep and wakefulness. The questions apply to how your child acts in general, not necessarily during the past few days since these may not have been typical if your child has not been well. If you are not sure how to answer any question, please feel free to ask your husband or wife, child, or physician for help. You should circle the correct response or print your answers neatly in the space provided. A "Y" means "yes," "N" means "no," and "DK" means "don't know." When you see the word "usually" it means "more than half the time" or "on more than half the nights."

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GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR CHILD:

		Office use only
		GI1
Today's Date:	Year ·	GI2
Where are you completing this questionna	aire?	GI3
Date of Child's Birth:	rear ·	GI4
Sex: Male or Female?		GI5
Current Height (feet/inches) :	.	GI6
Current Weight (pounds) :		GI7
Grade in school (if applicable):		GI8
Racial/Ethnic Background of your Child (p	please circle):	GI9
1.) American Indian 2.) Asia	an-American	
3.) African-American 4.) Hisp	panic	
5.) White/not Hispanic 6.) Other	er or unknown	

A. Nighttime and sleep behavior:				Offic
				only
WHILE SLEEPING, DOES YOUR CHILD	1			
ever snore?	Y	N	DK	A1
snore more than half the time?	Y	N	DK	A2
always snore?	Y	N	DK	A3
snore loudly?	Y	N	DK	A4
have "heavy" or loud breathing?	Y	N	DK	A5
have trouble breathing, or struggle to breathe?	Y	N	DK	A6
HAVE YOU EVER				
seen your child stop breathing during the night?	Y	N	DK	A7
If so, please describe what has happened:				
been concerned about your child's breathing during sleep?	Y	N	DK	A8
had to shake your sleeping child to get him or her to breathe, or wake up and breathe?	Y	N	DK	A9
seen your child wake up with a snorting sound?	Y	N	DK	A11
DOES YOUR CHILD				
have restless sleep?	Y	N	DK	A12
describe restlessness of the legs when in bed?	Y	N	DK	A13
have "growing pains" (unexplained leg pains)?	Y	N	DK	A13a
have "growing pains" that are worst in bed?	Y	N	DK	A13b
WHILE YOUR CHILD SLEEPS, HAVE YOU SEEN				
	Y	N	DK	A14
brief kicks of one leg or both legs?		м	DK	A14a
 brief kicks of one leg or both legs? repeated kicks or jerks of the legs at regular intervals (i.e., about every 20 to 40 seconds)?	Y	N		
repeated kicks or jerks of the legs at regular intervals (i.e., about every 20 to 40 seconds)?	Y	N		
repeated kicks or jerks of the legs at regular intervals (i.e., about			DK	A15

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get out of bed to urinate?	Y	N	DK	A17
If so, how many times each night, on average?	-	A17a		
Does your child usually sleep with the mouth open?	_	time N		A21
Is your child's nose usually congested or "stuffed" at night?	Y	N	DK	A22
Do any allergies affect your child's ability to breathe through the nose?	Y	N	DK	A23
DOES YOUR CHILD				
tend to breathe through the mouth during the day?	Y	N	DK	A24
have a dry mouth on waking up in the morning?	Y	N	DK	A25
complain of an upset stomach at night?	Y	N	DK	A27
get a burning feeling in the throat at night?	Y	N	DK	A29
grind his or her teeth at night?	Y	N	DK	A30
occasionally wet the bed?	Y	N	DK	A32
Has your child ever walked during sleep ("sleep walking")?	Y	N	DK	A33
Have you ever heard your child talk during sleep ("sleep talking")?	Y	N	DK	A34
Does your child have nightmares once a week or more on average?	Y	N	DK	A35
Has your child ever woken up screaming during the night?	Y	N	DK	A36
Has your child ever been moving or behaving, at night, in a way that made you think your child was neither completely awake nor asleep?	Y	N	DK	A37
If so, please describe what has happened:				
Does your child have difficulty falling asleep at night?	Y	N	DK	A40
How long does it take your child to fall asleep at night? (a guess is O.K.)	-			A41
a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	_			
			ites	
At bedtime does your child usually have difficult "routines" or "rituals," argue a lot, or otherwise behave badly?	Y	N	DK	A42
DOES YOUR CHILD	Y	N	DK	A43
bang his or her head or rock his or her body when going to sleep?				244
bang his or her head or rock his or her body when going to sleep? wake up more than twice a night on average?	Y	N	DK	A44

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(continued)

wake up early in the morning and have difficulty going back to sleep?	Y	N	DK	A46
Does the time at which your child goes to bed change a lot from day to day?	Υ	N	DK	A47
Does the time at which your child gets up from bed change a lot from day to day?	Y	N	DK	A48
WHAT TIME DOES YOUR CHILD USUALLY go to bed during the week?		_		A49
go to bed on the weekend or vacation?				A50
get out of bed on weekday mornings?				A51
get out of bed on weekend or vacation mornings?				A52

B. Daytime behavior and other possible problems:				
DOES YOUR CHILD				
wake up feeling <u>un</u> refreshed in the morning?	Υ	N	DK	B1
have a problem with sleepiness during the day?	Υ	N	DK	B2
complain that he or she feels sleepy during the day?	Υ	N	DK	В3
Has a teacher or other supervisor commented that your child appears sleepy during the day?	Y	N	DK	B4
Does your child usually take a nap during the day?	Υ	N	DK	B5
Is it hard to wake your child up in the morning?	Υ	N	DK	В6
Does your child wake up with headaches in the morning?	Υ	N	DK	В7
Does your child get a headache at least once a month, on average?	Υ	N	DK	В8
Did your child stop growing at a normal rate at any time since birth?	Υ	N	DK	В9
If so, please describe what happened:				
Does your child still have tonsils?	Υ	N	DK	B10
If not, when and why were they removed?:				
HAS YOUR CHILD EVER			51/	
had a condition causing difficulty with breathing?	Y	N	DK	B11

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If so, please describe:				
had surgery?	Y	N	DK	B12
If so, did any difficulties with breathing occur before, during, or after surgery?	Y	N	DK	B12a
become suddenly weak in the legs, or anywhere else, after laughing or being surprised by something?	Υ	N	DK	B13
\dots felt unable to move for a short period, in bed, though awake and able to look around?	Υ	N	DK	B15
Has your child felt an irresistible urge to take a nap at times, forcing him or her to stop what he or she is doing in order to sleep?	Υ	N	DK	B16
Has your child ever sensed that he or she was dreaming (seeing images or hearing sounds) while still awake?	Υ	N	DK	B17
Does your child drink caffeinated beverages on a typical day (cola, tea, coffee)?	Y	N	DK	B18
If so, how many cups or cans per day?	-	cup		B18a
Does your child use any recreational drugs?			DK	B19
If so, which ones and how often?:				
Does your child use cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, or other tobacco products? If so, which ones and how often?:	Y	N	DK	B20
Is your child overweight?	Υ	N	DK	B22
If so, at what age did this first develop?	-	ear	's	B22a
Has a doctor ever told you that your child has a high-arched palate (roof of the mouth)?			DK	B23
Has your child ever taken Ritalin (methylphenidate) for behavioral problems?	Υ	N	DK	B24
Has a health professional ever said that your child has attention-deficit disorder (ADD) or attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)?	Υ	N	DK	B25

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(continued)

C. Other Information	tion		Tugo
1. If you are curre	ently at a clinic with your child to s	see a physician, what is the	problem that brought you?
	s long-term medical problems, pl		.
	medications your child currently		
	Size (mg) or amount per dose		
Effect:		.	

Effect: ______

4.		/ medication your child has tak avior, attention, or sleep:	en in the past if the	purpose of the	medication wa	s to improve
Me	edicine	Size (mg) or amount per dose	Taken how often?	Dates Taken		
	Effect:					
				<u>.</u>		
				.		
	Effect:					
5.		y sleep disorders diagnosed or date it started and whether or			child. For each	problem,
6.		ny psychological, psychiatric, e n your child. For each problem				

7. Please list any sleep parents:	or behavior disorders diagnos	osed or suspected in your child's brothers, sisters	, or
Relative	Condition		
	·	_	
		_	
		_	

D. Additional Comments:

Please use the space below to print any additional comments you feel are important. Please also use this space to describe details regarding any of the above questions.

Instructions:

Please indicate, by checking the appropriate box, how much each statement* applies to this child:

This child often	Does not apply	Applies just a little	Applies quite a bit	Definitely applies most of the time
does not seem to listen when spoken to directly.				
has difficulty organizing tasks and activities.				
is easily distracted by extraneous stimuli.				
fidgets with hands or feet or squirms in seat.				
is "on the go" or often acts as if "driven by a motor".				
interrupts or intrudes on others (e.g., butts into conversations or games.				

^{*} Derived from DSM-IV.

THANK YOU

Reference

Chervin, R. D., Hedger, K., Dillon, J. E., & Pituch, K. J. (2000). Pediatric sleep questionnaire (PSQ): validity and reliability of scales for sleep-disordered breathing, snoring, sleepiness, and behavioral problems. *Sleep Medicine*, 1, 21–32.

Representative Studies Using Scale

Archbold, K. H., Pituch, K. J., Panahi, P., & Chervin, R. D. (2002). Symptoms of sleep disturbances among children at two general pediatric clinics. *The Journal of Pediatrics*, 140(1), 97–102.

Chervin, R. D., Archbold, K. H., Dillon, J. E., Pituch, K. J., Panahi, P., Dahl, R. E., & Guilleinault, C. (2002). Associations between symptoms of inattention, hyperactivity, restless legs, and periodic leg movements. *Sleep*, 25(2), 213–218.

63.1 Instructions for Scoring the Pediatric Sleep Questionnaire: Sleep-Related Breathing Disorders (SRBD) Scale

The 22 items of the SRBD Scale are each answered yes = 1, no = 0, or don't know = missing. The number of symptom-items endorsed positively ("yes") is divided by the number of items answered positively or negatively; the denominator therefore excludes items with missing responses and items answered as don't know. The result is a number, a proportion that ranges from 0.0 to 1.0. Scores >0.33 are considered positive and suggestive of high risk for a pediatric sleep-related breathing disorder. This threshold is based on a validity study that suggested optimal sensitivity and specificity at the 0.33 cut-off [1], but this number could be lowered in practice if increased sensitivity is a priority, or raised if increased specificity is a priority. Additional references that support the validity of the SRBD Scale, or employ it in research, are listed below [2–7].

Pediatric Sleep Questionnaire: Sleep-Disordered Breathing Subscale

	7				
9	-	*	v	,	v

Child's Name: Study ID				
	erson completing form: Date:	_	/_	_/
qu da re:	ease answer these questions regarding the behavior of your child during sleep and vestions apply to how your child acts in general during the past month, not necessarily since these may not have been typical if your child has not been well. You should sponse or <i>print</i> your answers neatly in the space provided. A "Y" means "yes," "N" bK" means "don't know."	ily dur I circle	ing the	past few rect
1.	WHILE STEEDING DOES VOLD CHILD.			1 1
1.	WHILE SLEEPING, DOES YOUR CHILD: Snore more than half the time?	N N N N	DK DK DK DK DK	A2 A3 A4 A5 A6
_	HAVE YOU EVER GEEN YOUR CHILD GEOD DREATHING DURING			
2.	HAVE YOU EVER SEEN YOUR CHILD STOP BREATHING DURING THE NIGHT?	N	DK	A7
3.	DOES YOUR CHILD: Tend to breathe through the mouth during the day?	N N	DK DK	A24 A25
	Occasionally wet the bed?	N	DK	A32
4.	DOES YOUR CHILD: Wake up feeling unrefreshed in the morning?	N N	DK DK	B1 B2
5.	HAS A TEACHER OR OTHER SUPERVISOR COMMENTED THAT YOUR CHILD APPEARS SLEEPY DURING THE DAY?	N	DK	B4
6.	IS IT HARD TO WAKE YOUR CHILD UP IN THE MORNING?Y	N	DK	В6
7.	DOES YOUR CHILD WAKE UP WITH HEADACHES IN THE MORNING?Y	N	DK	В7
8.	DID YOUR CHILD STOP GROWING AT A NORMAL RATE AT ANY TIME SINCE BIRTH?	N	DK	В9
9.	IS YOUR CHILD OVERWEIGHT?	N	DK	B22
10.	THIS CHILD OFTEN: Does not seem to listen when spoken to directly. Y Has difficulty organizing tasks and activities. Y Is easily distracted by extraneous stimuli. Y Fidgets with hands or feet or squirms in seat. Y Is "on the go" or often acts as if "driven by a motor". Y Interrupts or intrudes on others (eg., butts into conversations or games). Y	N N N N N N N N	DK DK DK DK DK	C3 C5 C8 C10 C14 C18
	menaps of musices on others (eg., out a mic conversations of games).	11	DA	1016

Thank you!

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- Chervin RD, Hedger KM, Dillon JE, Pituch KJ. Pediatric Sleep Questionnaire (PSQ): validity and reliability of scales for sleep-disordered breathing, snoring, sleepiness, and behavioral problems. Sleep Med 2000;1:21–32.
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